



# Navigating Change: The Update to the National Tidal Datum Epoch and Its Implications for Coastal Infrastructure and Community Resilience



2026 Florida Shore & Beach Preservation Association Conference

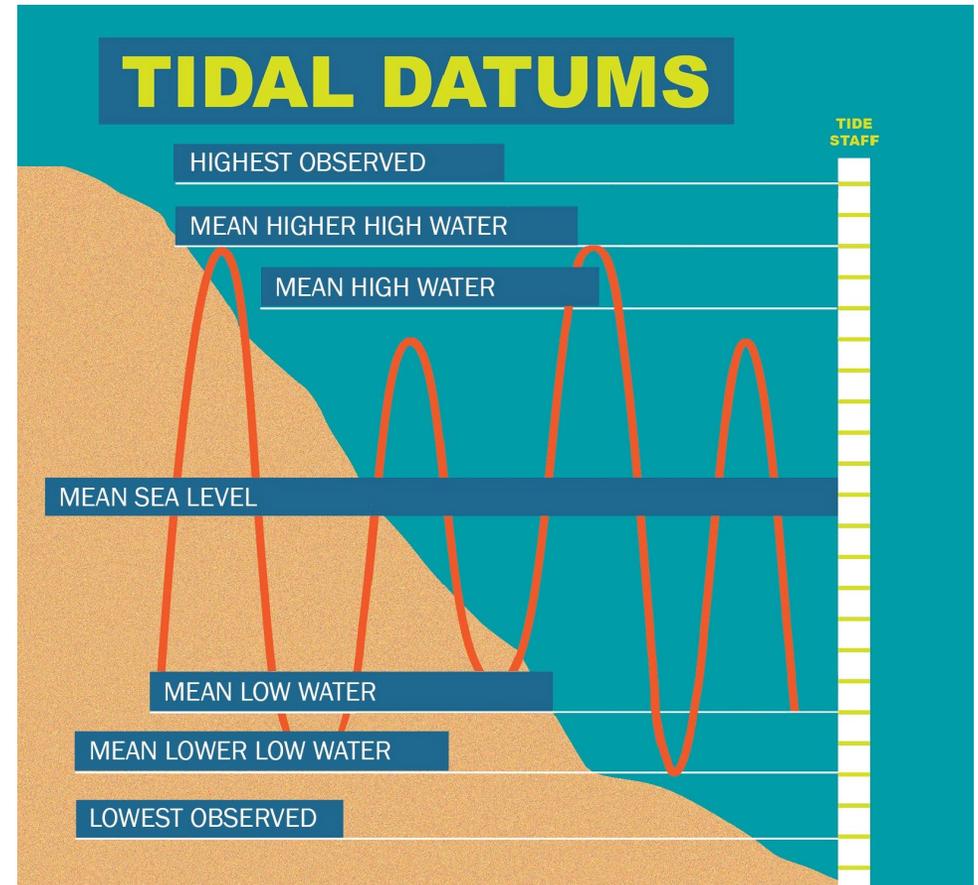


National Tidal Datum  
Epoch Update  
Introduction



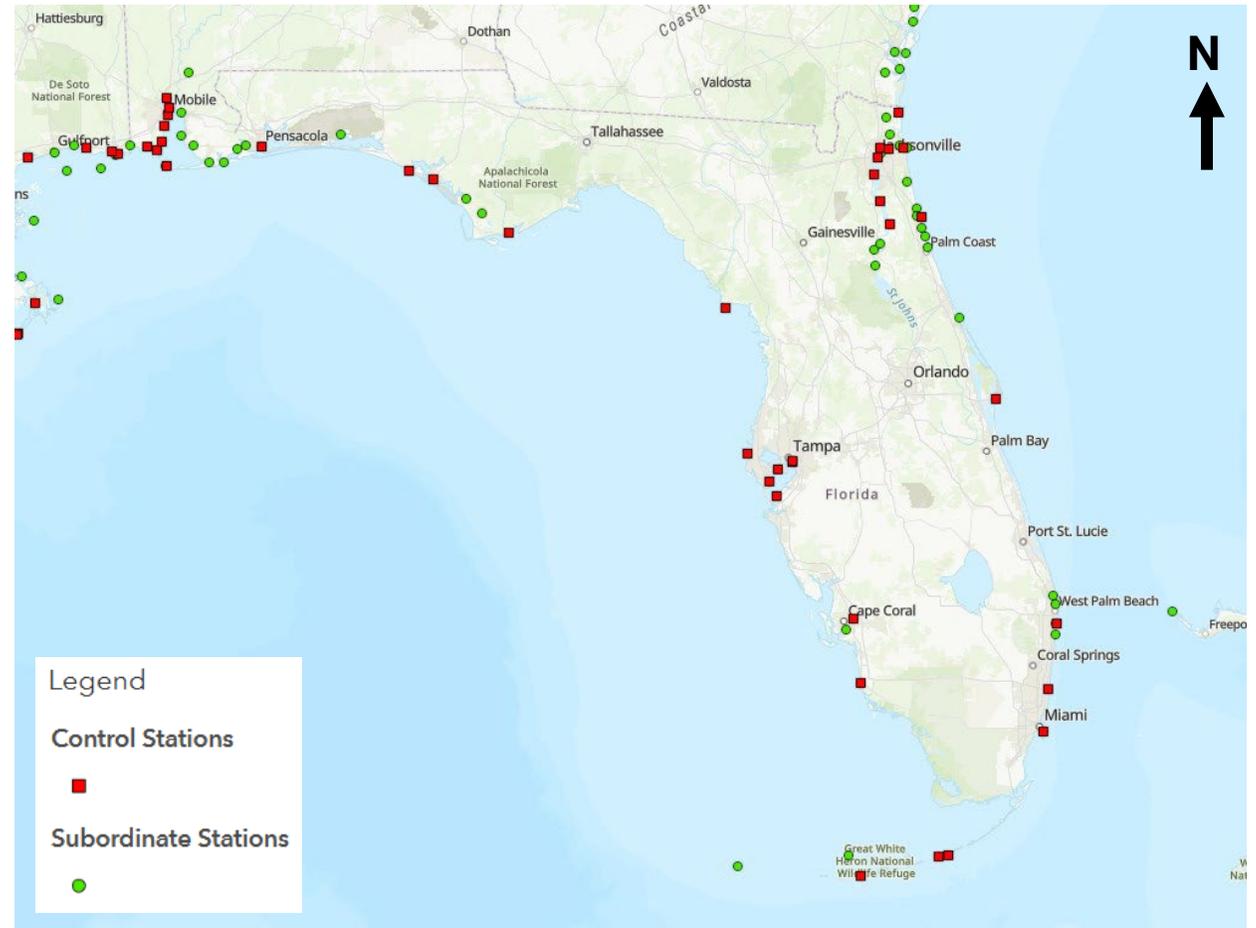
# National Tidal Datum Epoch Introduction

- ◆ **Tidal Datum:** “A tidal datum is a standard elevation defined by a certain phase of the tide.”
- ◆ **Tidal Datum Epoch:** “a 19-year time period established by the National Ocean Service for collecting observations on water levels and calculating tidal datum values.”

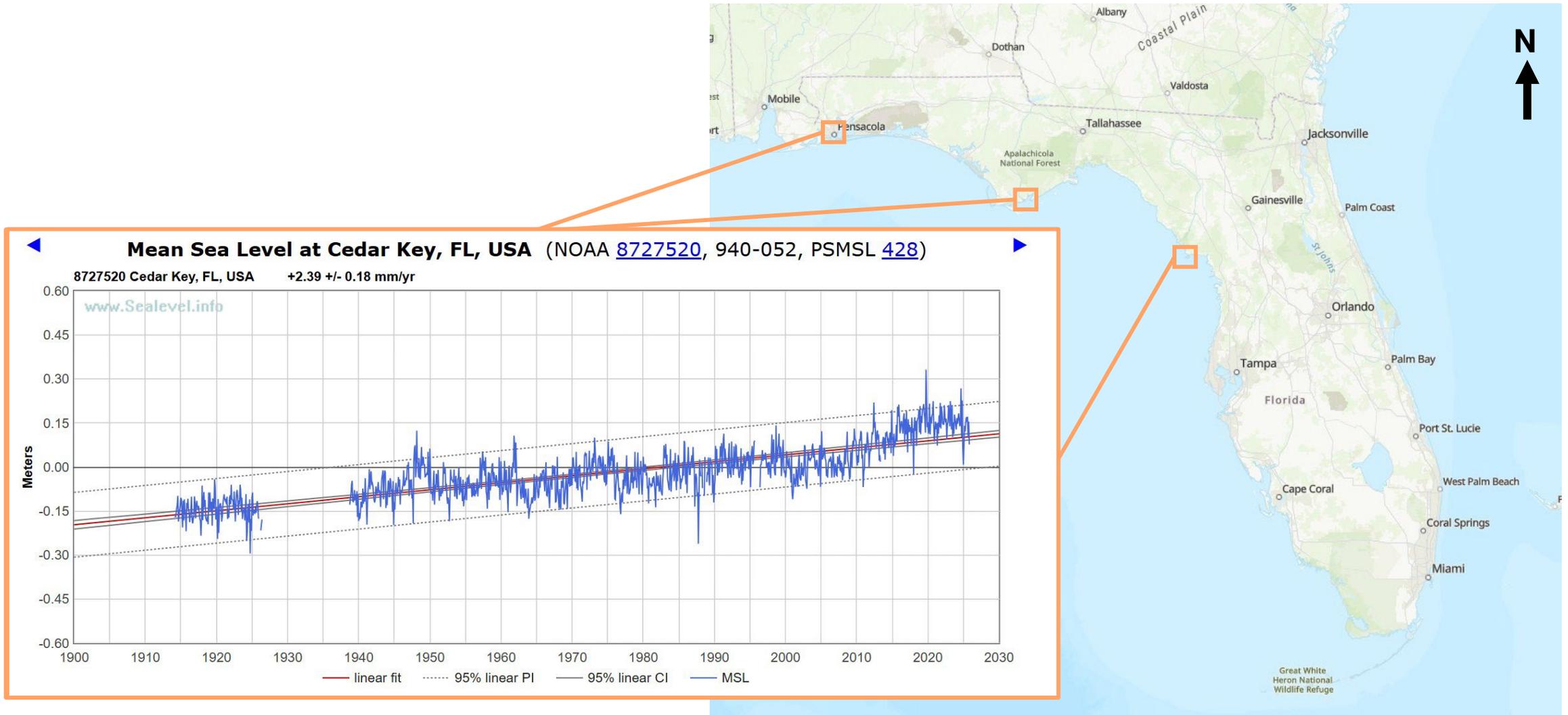


# National Tidal Datum Epoch Introduction

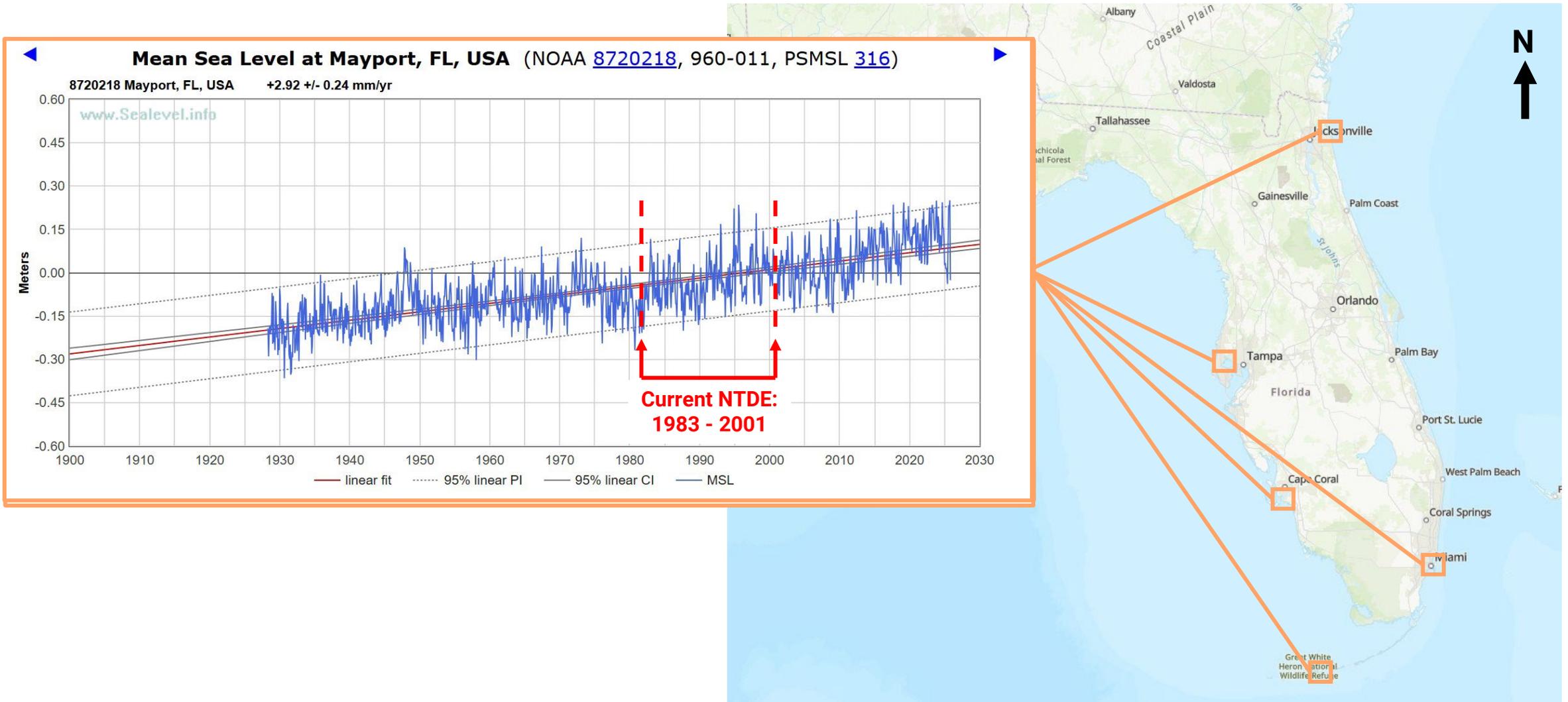
- ◆ Control stations are long-term, continuously operating tide stations.
- ◆ In Florida, there are 57 NOAA Water Level Control and Subordinate Stations.
- ◆ Recorded data is used as the baseline for the full 19-year Period of the NTDE.
- ◆ The 19-year period represents a full Metonic cycle.



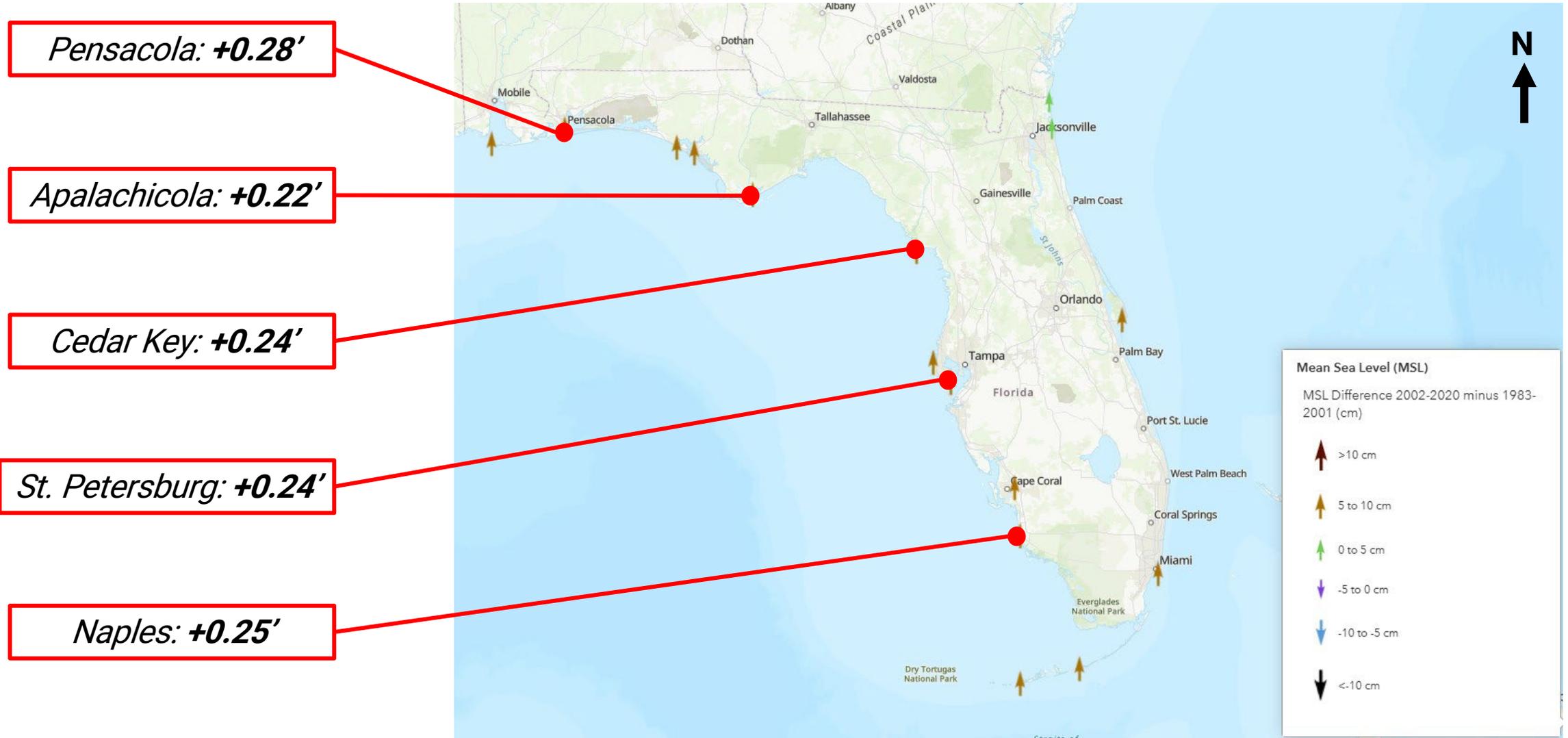
# NOAA Tide Station Control Points MSL Change



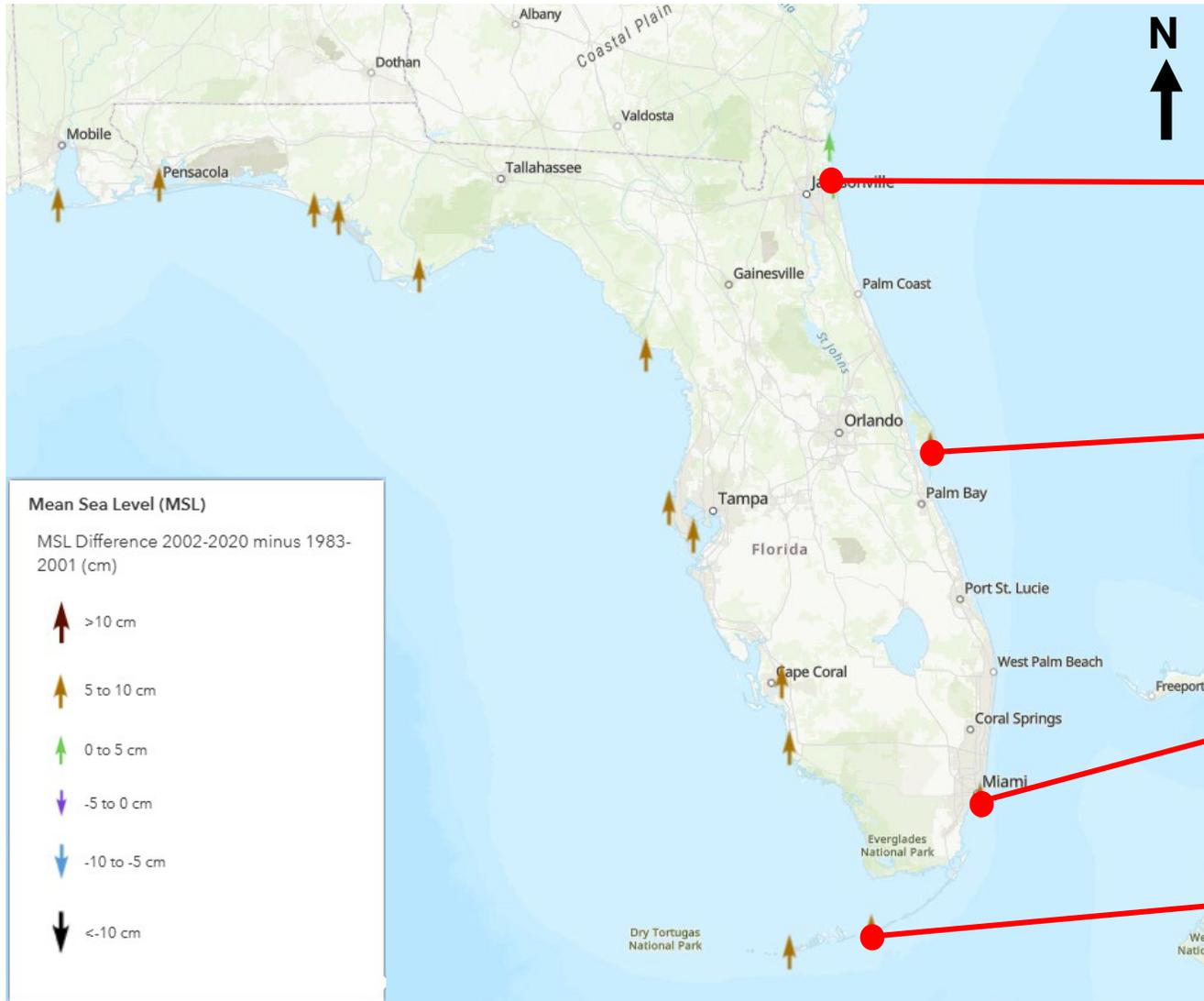
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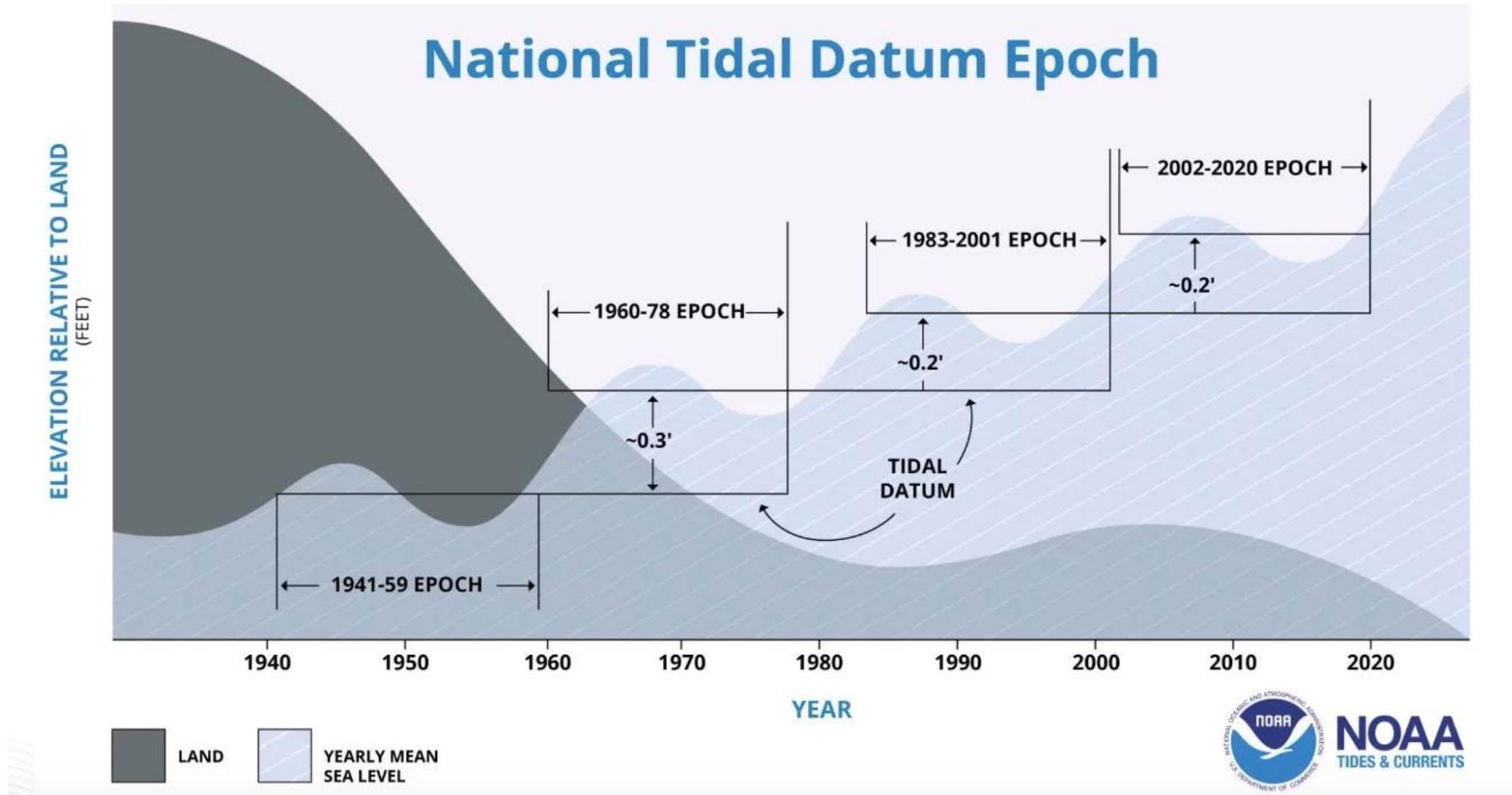
# National Tidal Datum Epoch MSL Change



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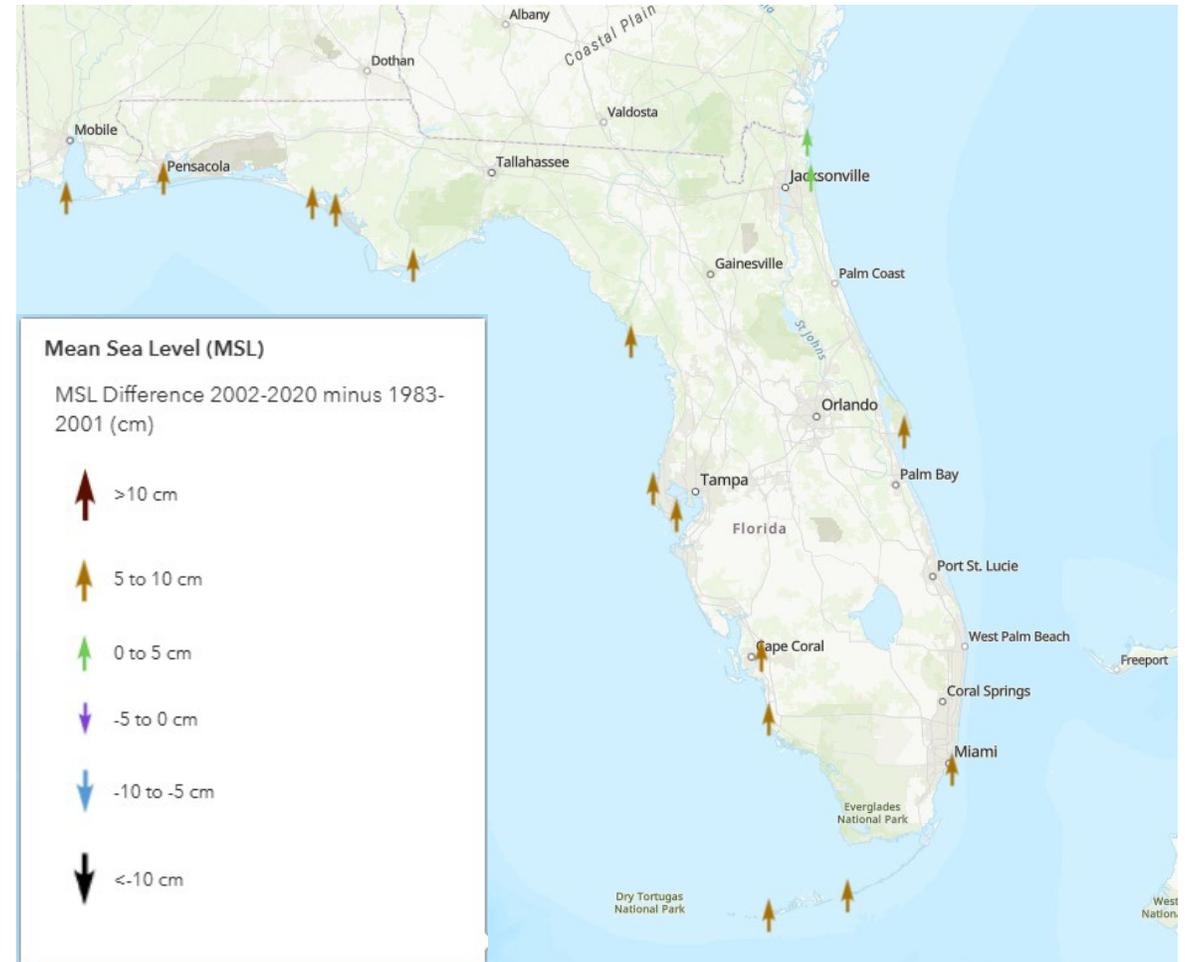


# MSL Change & NTDE



# National Tidal Datum Epoch Impact Areas

- ◆ All Florida gauges observed an increase in MSL height from 2001 to 2020.
- ◆ Amount of change in MSL varies by location along Florida's coast.
- ◆ Some of the largest changes occurring in the Pensacola area.
- ◆ Some of the smallest changes occurring around Mayport.

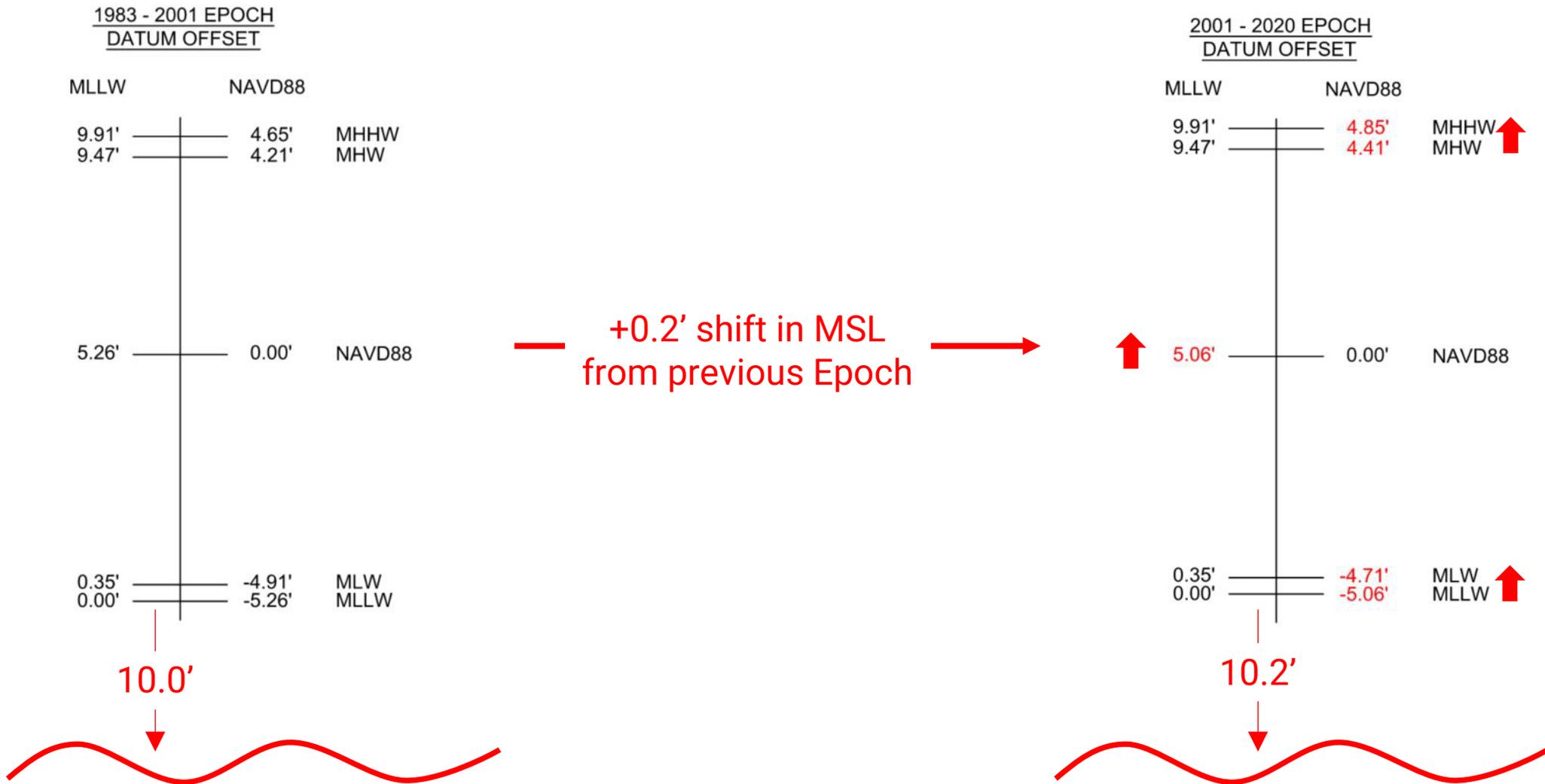




# NTDE Update Stakeholder Impact

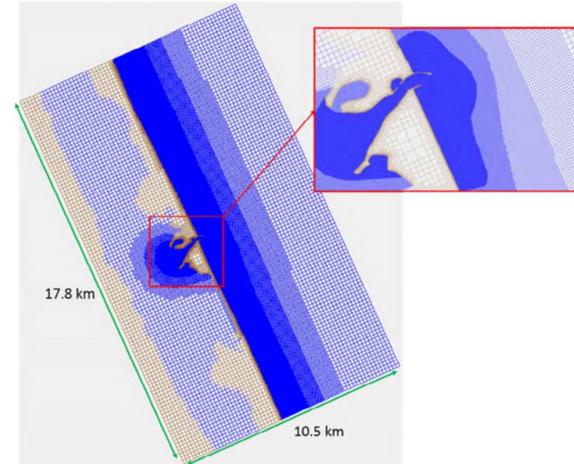


# MSL Change & NTDE Datum Change



# Stakeholder Impact

- ◆ Potential Impacts of the NTDE Update:
  - Coastal modeling.
  - Regulatory agency jurisdictional areas.
  - Design criteria for coastal structures.
  - Sediment sampling.



# Stakeholder Impact

- ◆ Coastal Modeling
  - Shifts baseline water levels (MSL, MHHW, etc.).
  - Modified design level thresholds tied to tidal datums.
  - Small changes in input can have sizeable change on a model's output.



# Stakeholder Impact

- ◆ Regulatory Area Jurisdiction
  - Many federal & state regulatory agencies jurisdictional boundaries are defined by AHTL or MHW.
  - The National Tidal Datum Epoch Update will impact where these tidal benchmarks fall on land.
  - For most of Florida, expect a slight increase in federal & state jurisdictional boundary.



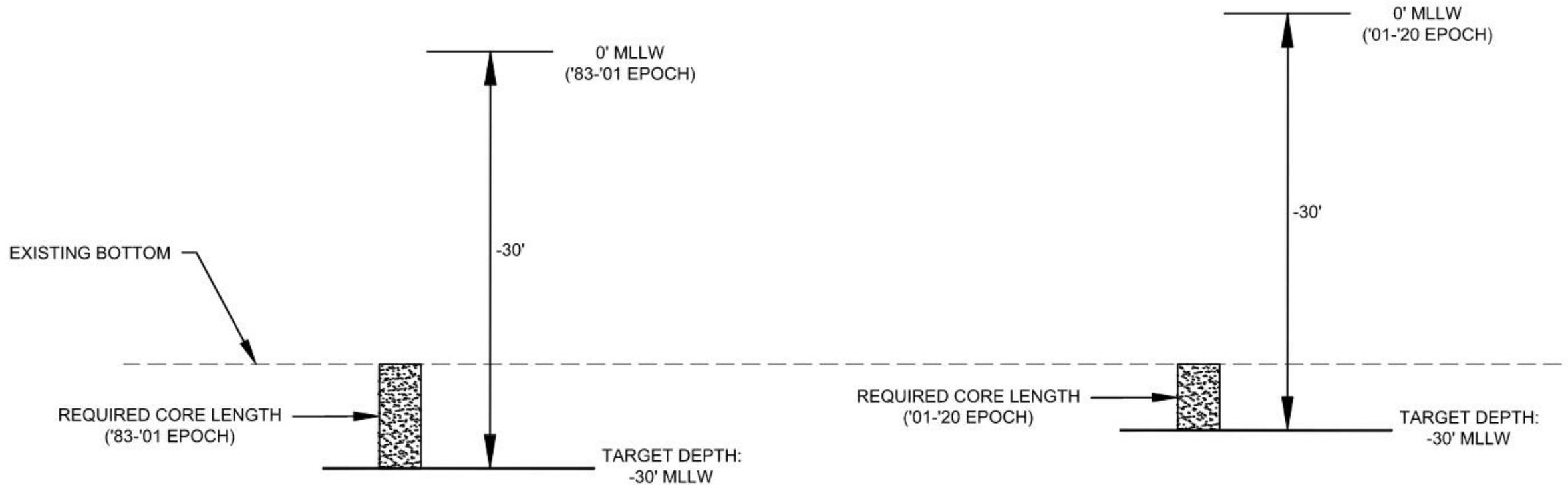
# Stakeholder Impact

- ◆ Coastal Structures
  - Design criteria of coastal structures could be impacted by NTDE update.
  - Vertical reference points used to define elevations of existing structural features could change.
  - Structures currently in the design phase should be prepared for changes to tidal datum elevations.



# Stakeholder Impact

## ◆ Sediment Sampling



# Conclusion

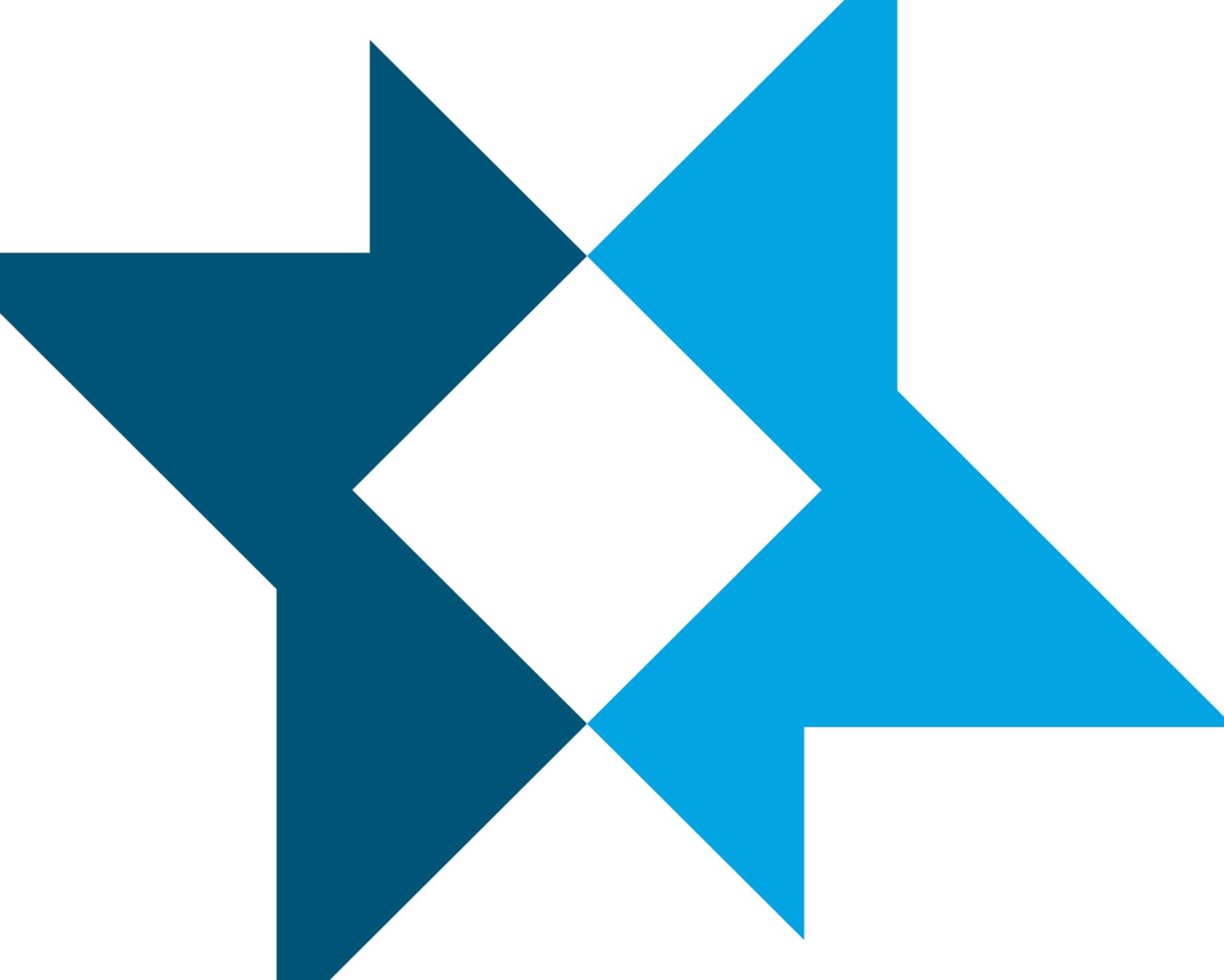


13 September 2021  
olsen associates, inc

# Questions & Answers

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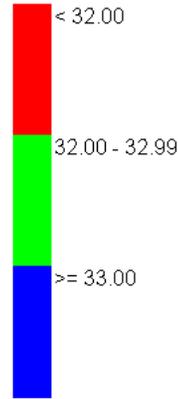
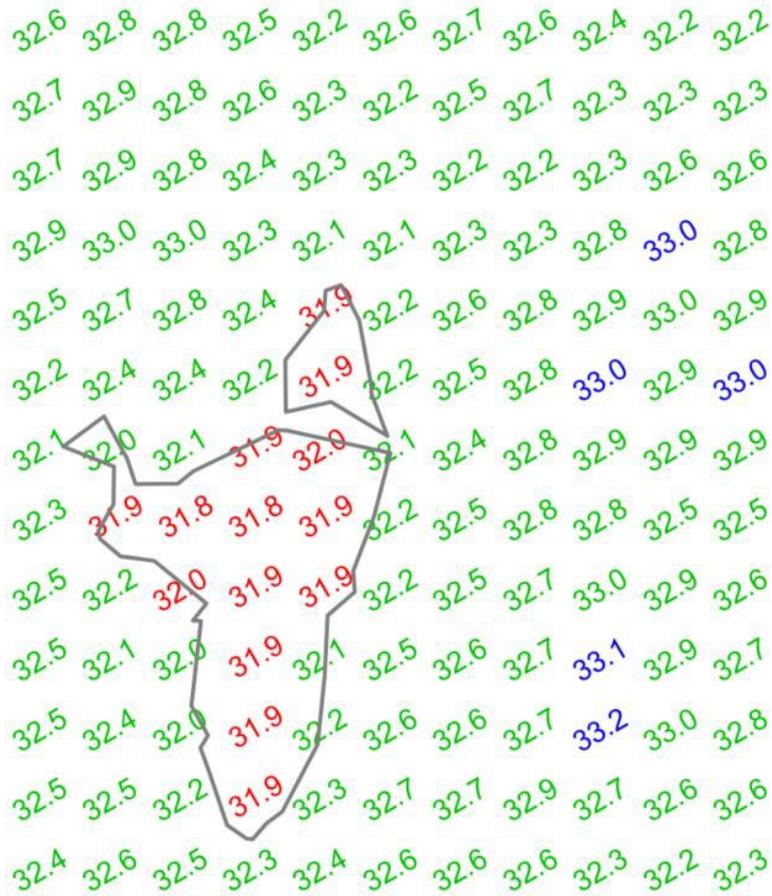


# Appendix Slides



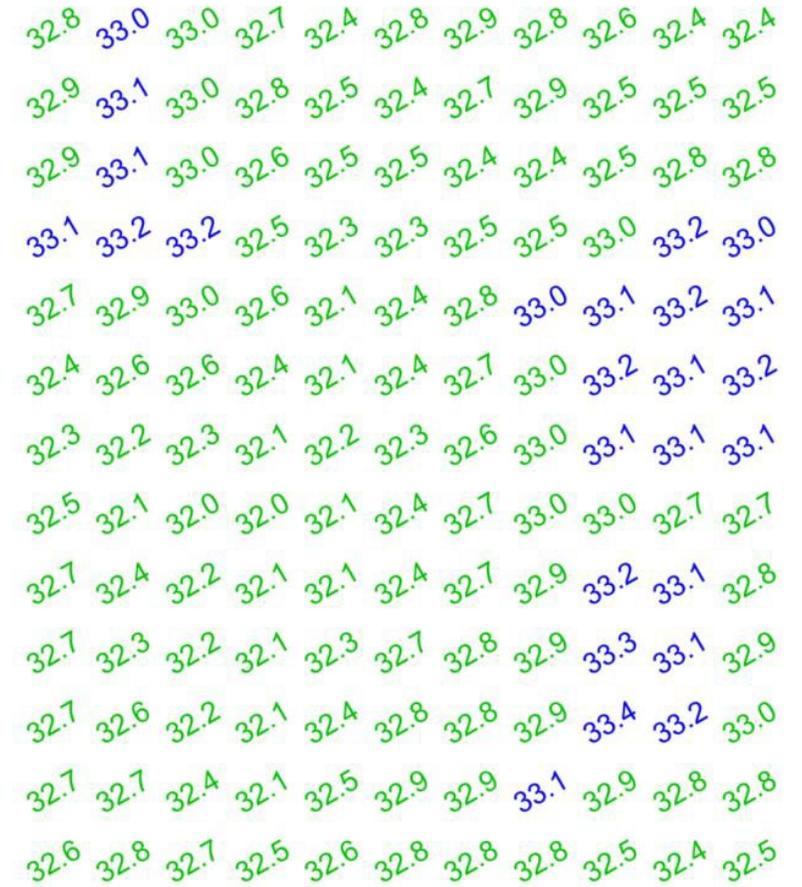
# Stakeholder Impact

Soundings in MLLW  
(1983-2001 Epoch)



+0.2' shift in MSL  
from previous Epoch

Soundings in MLLW  
(2001-2020 Epoch)



# National Tidal Datum Epoch Proposed MSL Change

*Portland, ME: +0.17'*

*Boston, MA: +0.27'*

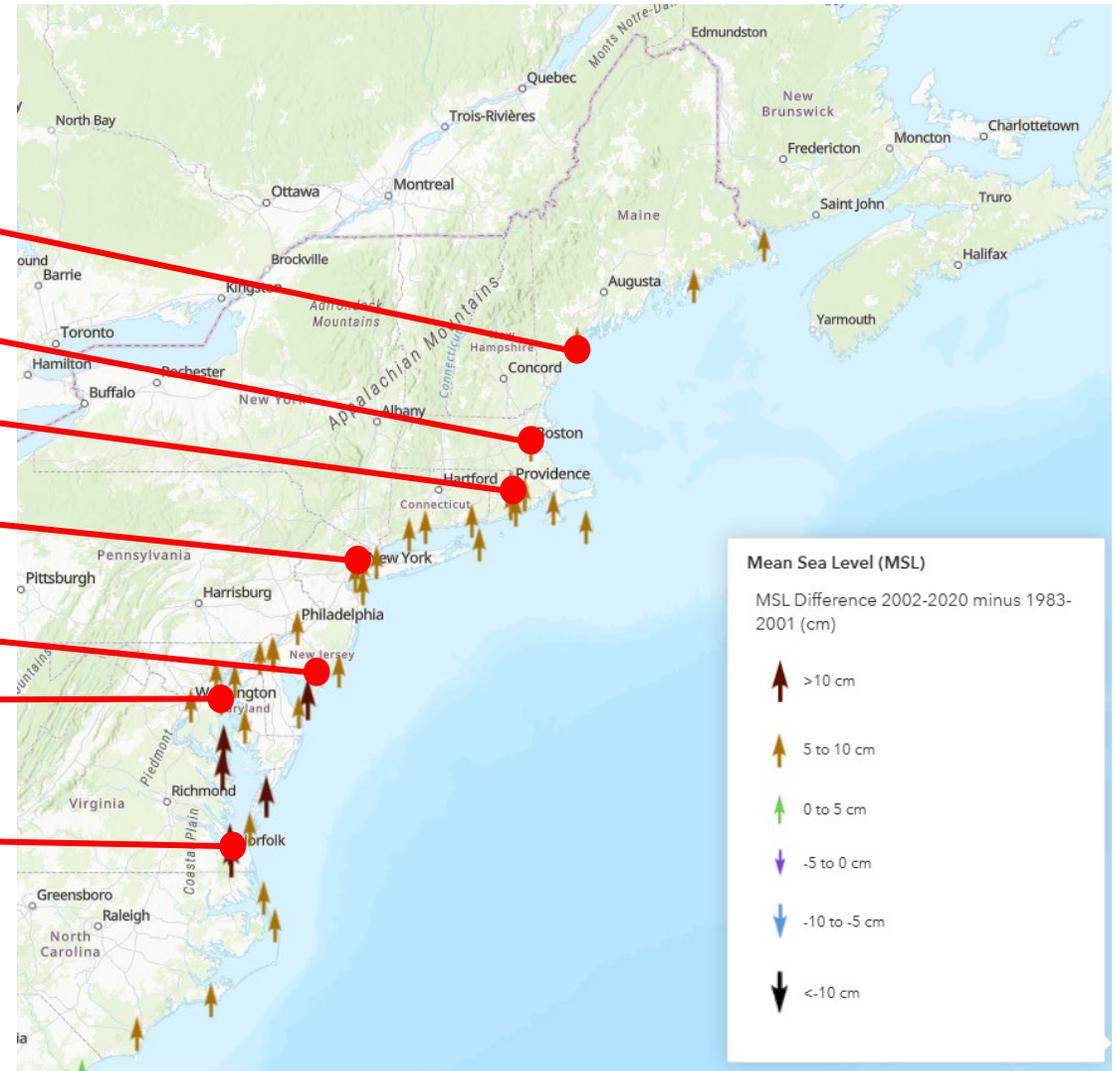
*Providence, RI: +0.22'*

*New York City: +0.24'*

*Cape May, NJ: +0.33'*

*Baltimore, MD: +0.25'*

*Norfolk, VA: +0.36'*



# National Tidal Datum Epoch MSL Change

**Duck, NC: +0.28'**

**Wilmington, NC: +0.20'**

**Charleston, SC: +0.24'**

**Mayport, FL: +0.15'**

**Port Canaveral, FL: +0.17'**

**Miami, FL: +0.23'**

